

Meeting Purpose and Agenda

Review scope of grant

 Present a draft vision and overview of natural resources conditions and restoration opportunities

Solicit input on visions and goals

Solicit input on north shore natural resources priorities



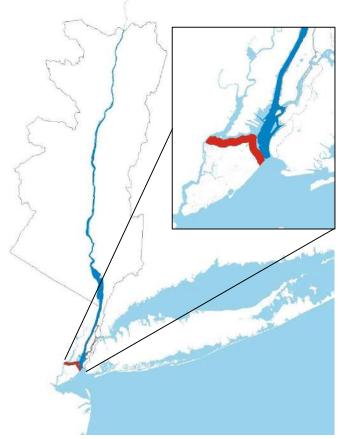




Forestry, Horticulture, and Natural Resources

"To conserve New York City's natural resources for the benefit of ecosystem and public health through acquisition, management, restoration, and advocacy using scientifically supported and sustainable research"





New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Hudson River Estuary Program

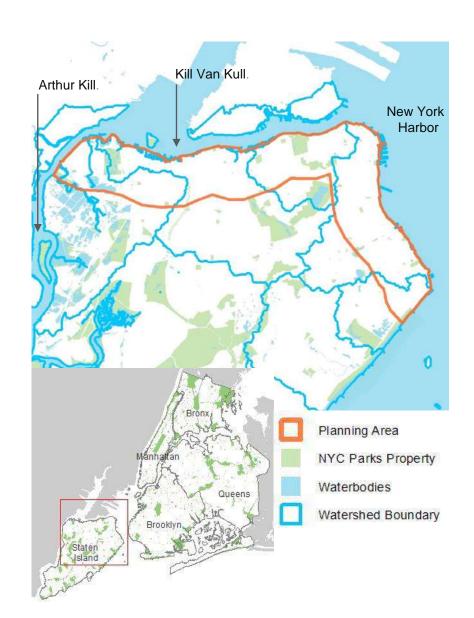
"Created by state law in 1987, the Hudson River Estuary Program develops knowledgeable and effective stewards of the estuary and its ecosystem using an understanding of ecology as a foundation for all of its work."



Why the North Shore?

- Lack of dedicated natural resources planning
- Acceleration of development
- Environmental Justice

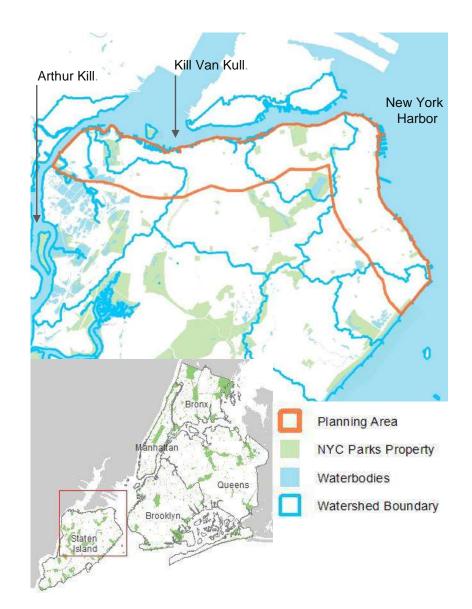
Funding available





What is a Watershed Plan?

- Facilitates protection of natural resources in your community
- Differs from Master Planning
- Identifies opportunities
- Gains consensus on priorities
- Path towards implementation of priority projects

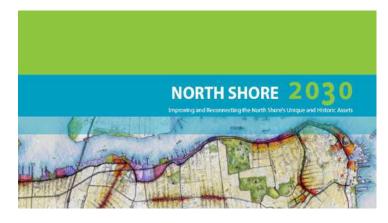




Past Planning

- West Brighton Brownfields Opportunity Area Report (EDC, NYC DCP 2016)
 - Snug Harbor identified as a Strategic Site for revitalizing waterfront
- North Shore 2030 (NYC DCP, NYC EDC, WBCLDC 2016)
 - Snug Harbor a potential stormwater management site and as a hub for waterfront access and transportation
- Comprehensive Waterfront Plan Vision 2020
 - Bluebelt designation at Snug Harbor and enhancement of the site for greenway and waterfront access
- Staten Island's Gold Coast (NSWCSI, 2008)
 - Documents 21 contaminated sites on north shore and their affects on community









Draft Vision and Goals

Staten Island's North Shore is a valued ecological, economic, and social resource, anchored by the Snug Harbor Cultural Center and waterfront of the Kill Van Kull which provide a wealth of social, recreational, educational, and environmental opportunities.

- i. Restore, protect, and enhance natural resources to promote diverse, native ecological communities
- Manage stormwater to alleviate local flooding and to improve water quality
- iii. Promote public engagement to increase community awareness, facilitate sustainable use, promote healthy living, and invite stewardship.

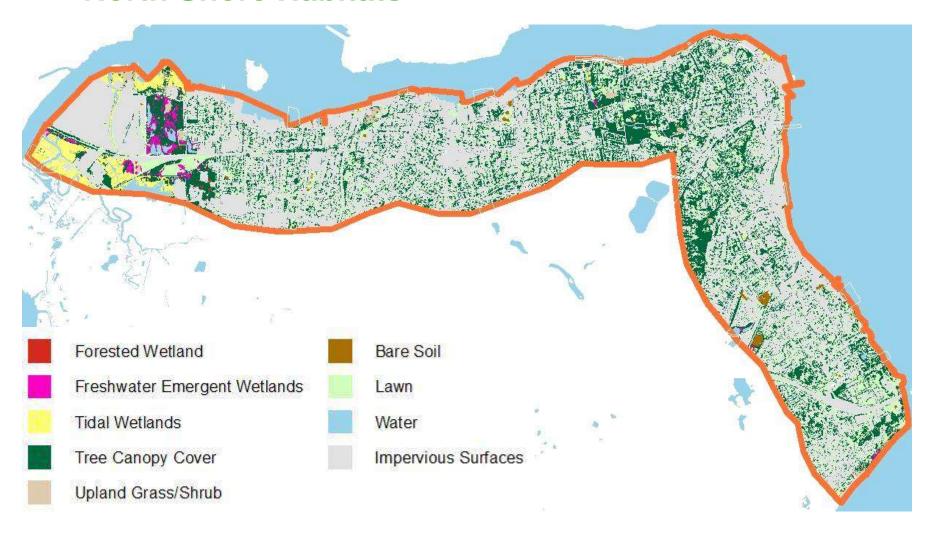


Natural Resources Characterizations

- Land Cover Overview
- Uplands and Forests
 - What are they
 - Where are they
 - Threats
 - Restoration Opportunities
- Streams and Floodplain Forests
- Freshwater Wetlands and Ponds
- Salt Marshes
- Green Infrastructure
- Street Trees

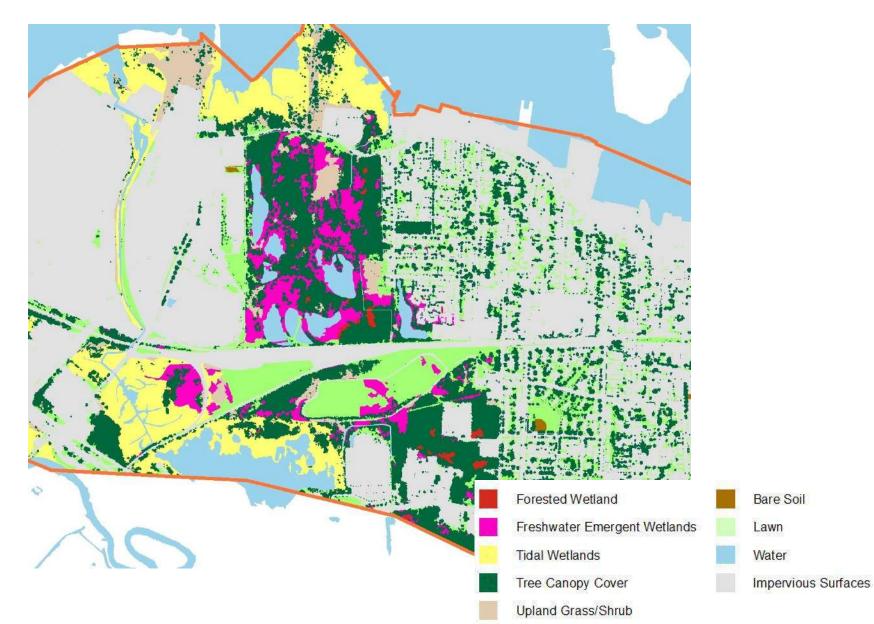


North Shore Habitats



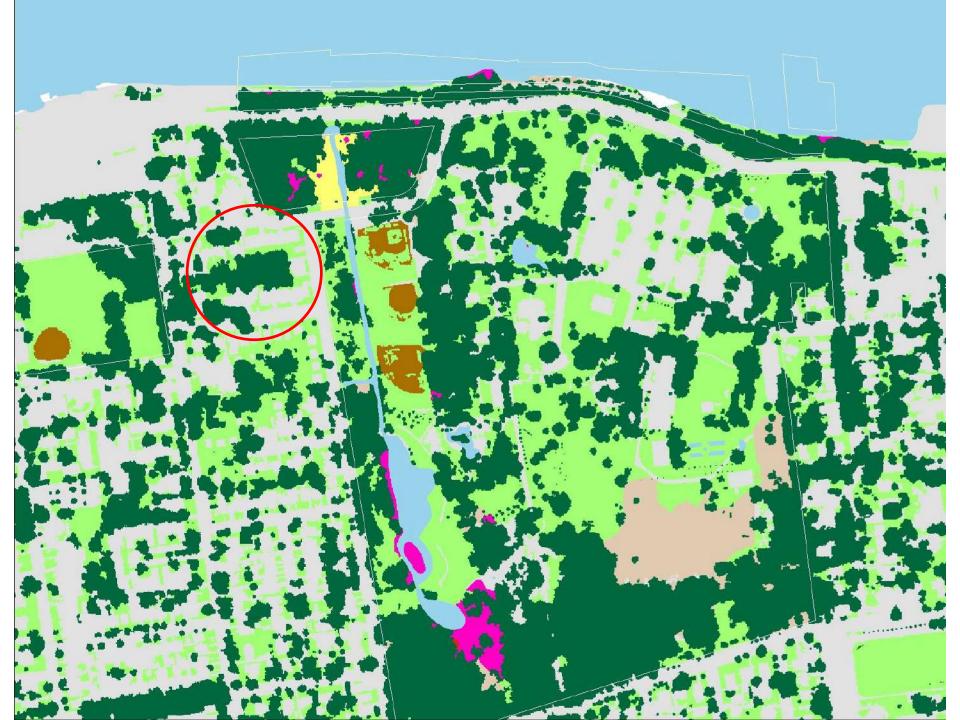


North Shore Habitats









Harbor Brook





Uplands and Forests

- Forests
 - Oak Hickory forests
 - Provide habitat for wide diversity of species
- Serpentine Uplands
 - Greenish-blue bedrock outcrops and nutrient-poor shallow soils
 - Rare geology in New York, only known from Staten Island
 - Ex. Jones Woods
- Threats to these systems
 - Invasive plants
 - Dumping
 - Off-road Vehicles
 - Fragmentation

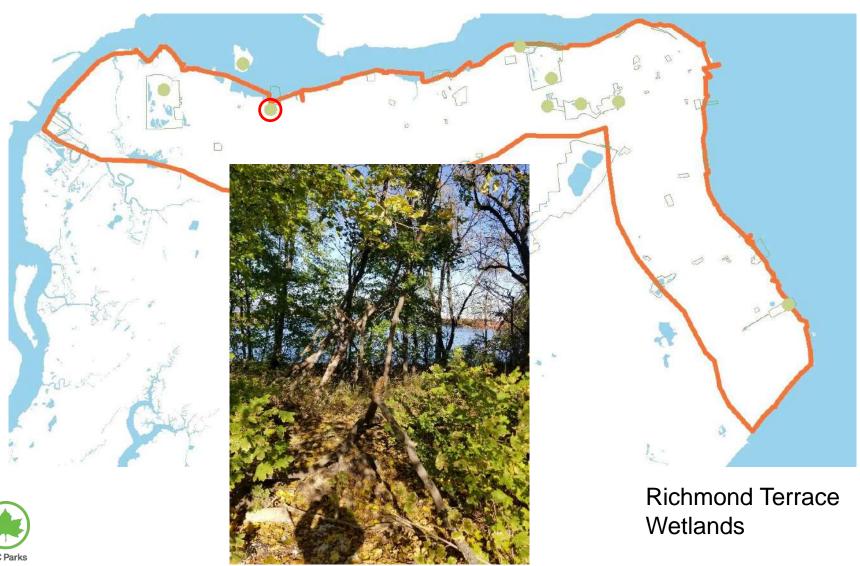


























Streams and Floodplain Forests

- Floodplain Forests
 - Vegetated buffers around streams
 - Provides water quality benefits
- Streams
 - Provides habitat for invertebrates
 - 116 bird species identified in Goodhue Park and 122 bird species identified at Snug Harbor, including uncommon species such as Glossy Ibis and Common Nighthawk
 - Harbor Brook is the only connected stream system on North Shore
 - Threats to these systems
 - Invasive plants
 - Erosion
 - Dumping
 - Stormwater runoff







Freshwater Wetlands & Ponds

- Freshwater Wetlands and Ponds
 - Wet soils result in different plant communities
 - Habitat for numerous birds including the threatened Least Bittern and several raptors including Sharpshinned Hawk, Northern Harrier
 - Habitat for amphibians and reptiles
 - Improves water quality, mitigate flooding
 - Threats to these systems
 - Erosion
 - Nutrient loading
 - Harmful algal blooms







North Shore Site Characteristics

Historic Streams and Wetlands

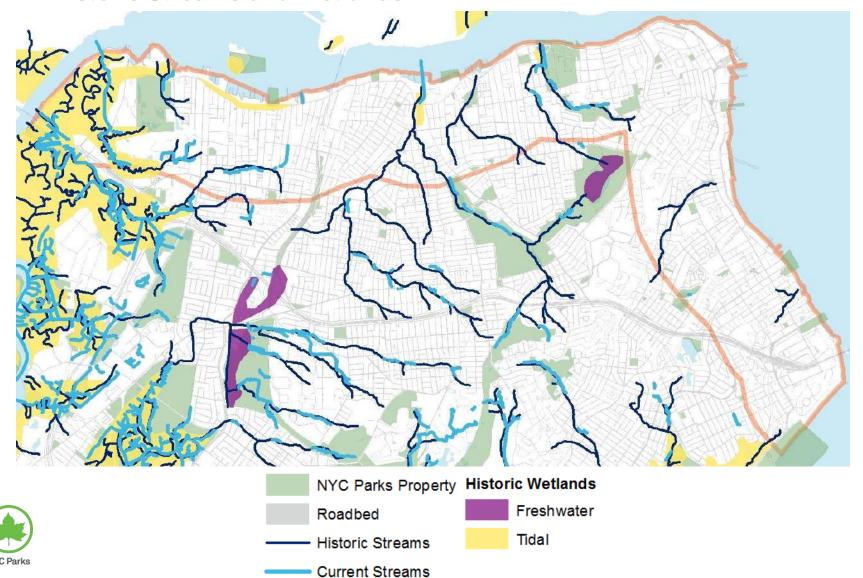


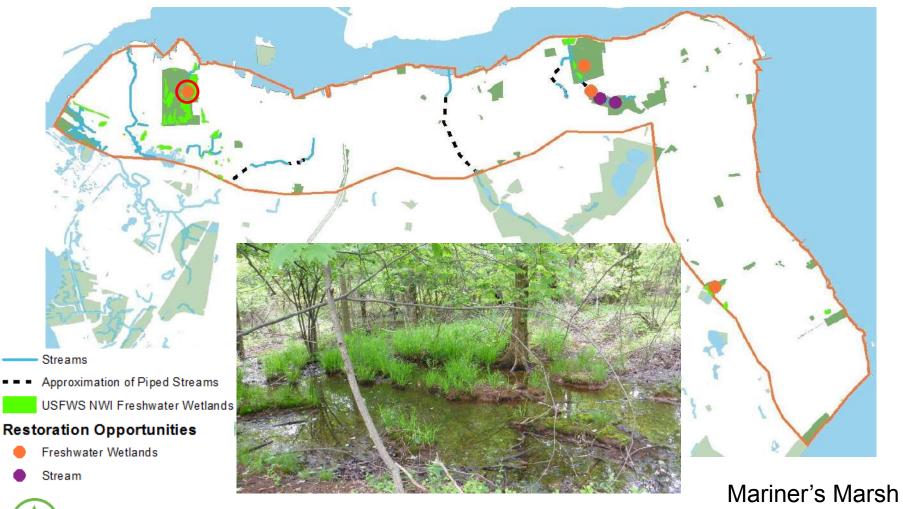




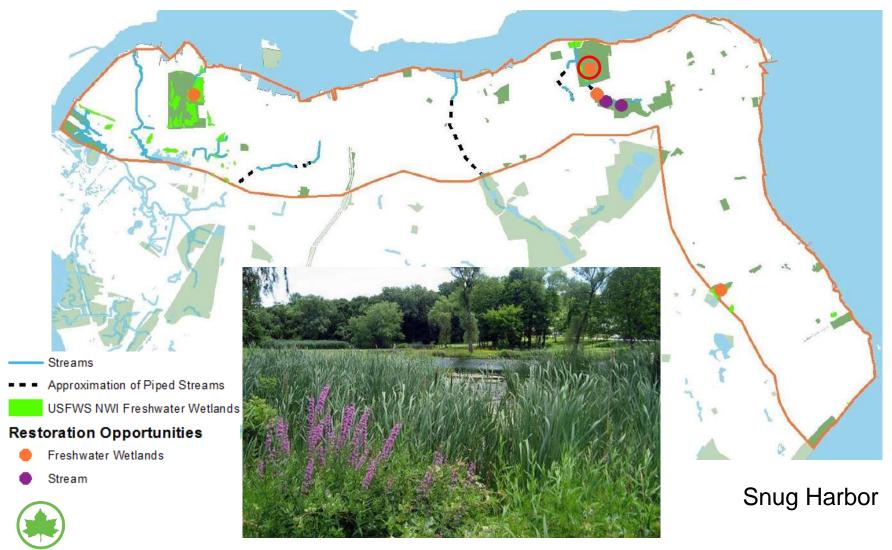
North Shore Site Characteristics

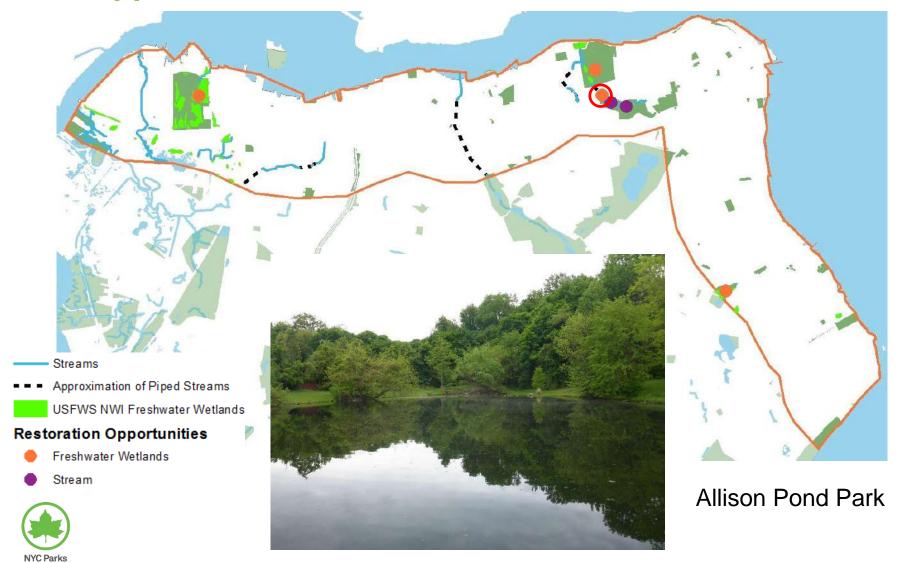
Historic Streams and Wetlands

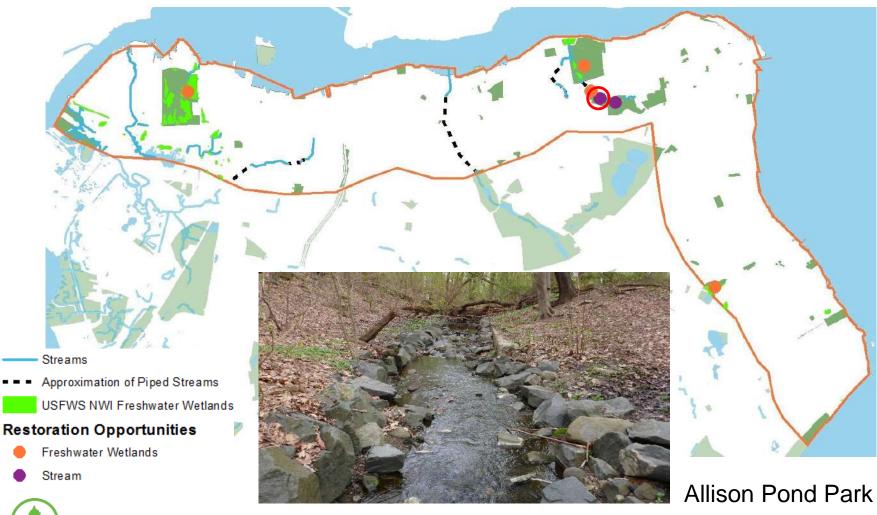




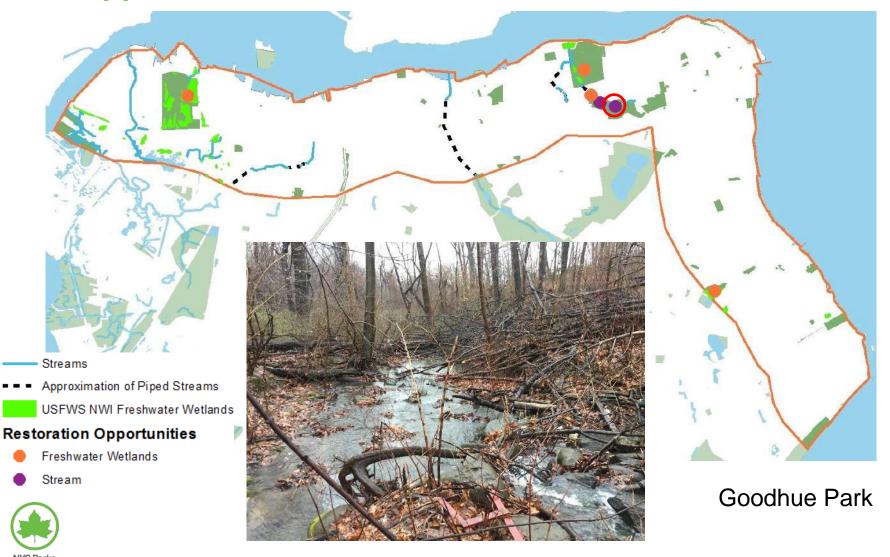


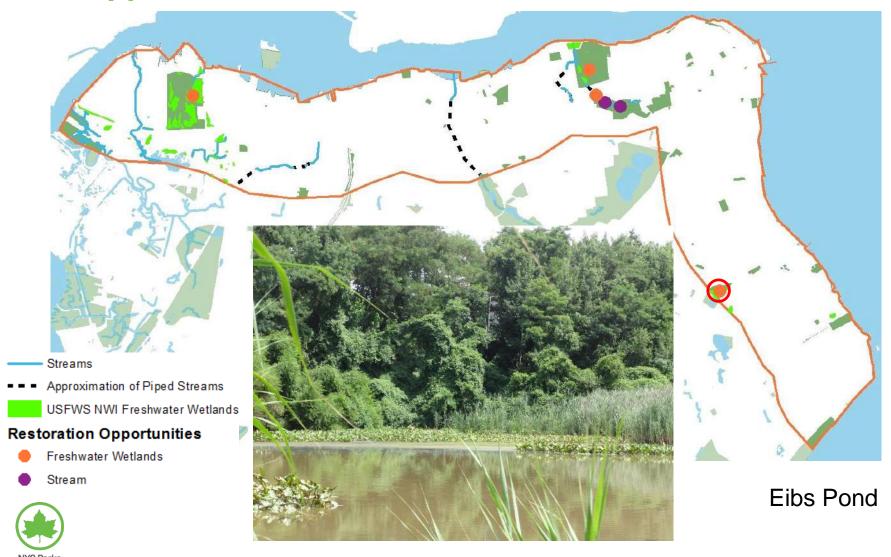












Salt Marshes

Tidal Wetlands

- Some of the most ecologically productive habitats on earth
- Historically common on North Shore
- Uncommon and migrating species of birds such as bald eagle, red-necked grebe, horned grebe, red-bellied woodpecker, peregrine falcon, black skimmer, yellow-crowned night-heron, and others

Threats to these systems

- Pollution/Oil Spills
- Marine Debris
- Erosion
- Sea Level Rise



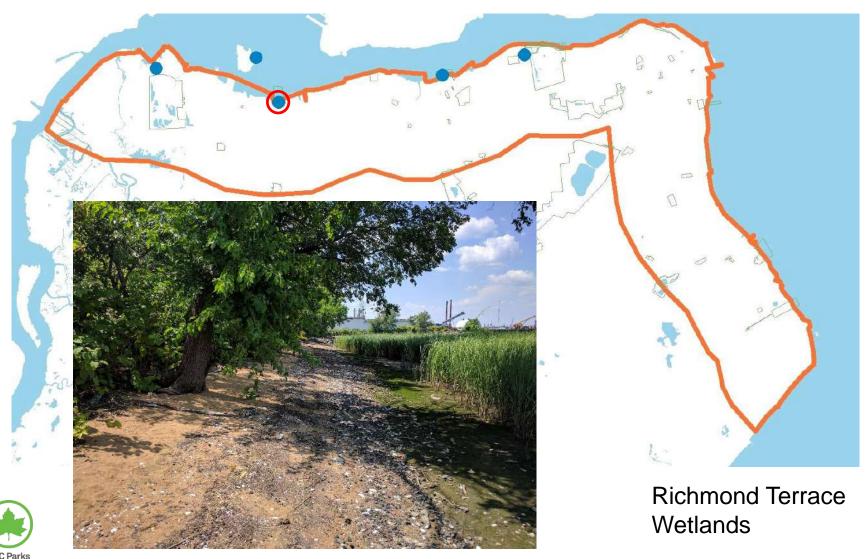




Salt Marshes Opportunities











Green Infrastructure

Bioswales

- Streetside stormwater intervention
- Retains water, mitigating surface runoff and sewer system overload
- Captures pollutants and provides micro-habitats

Subsurface Storage

- Detains water until opportune time to release
- Mitigates flooding and sewer overload

Blue Belts

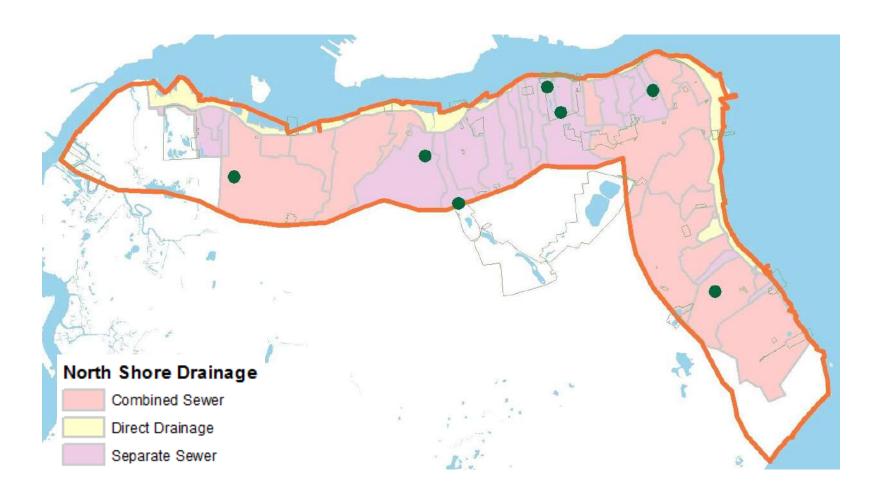
 Modifies wetland and stream systems to manage stormwater





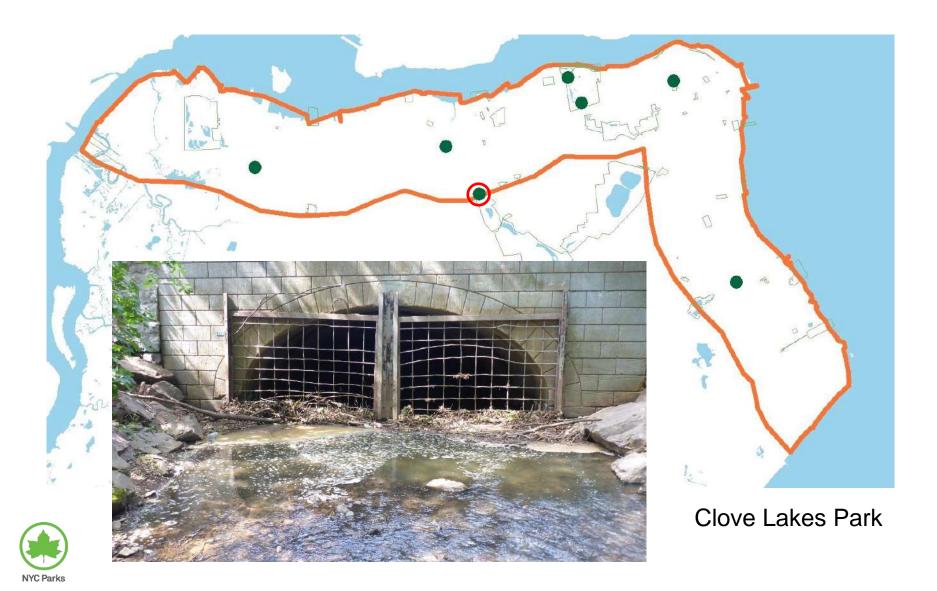


Green Infrastructure





Green Infrastructure Opportunities



Green Infrastructure Opportunities

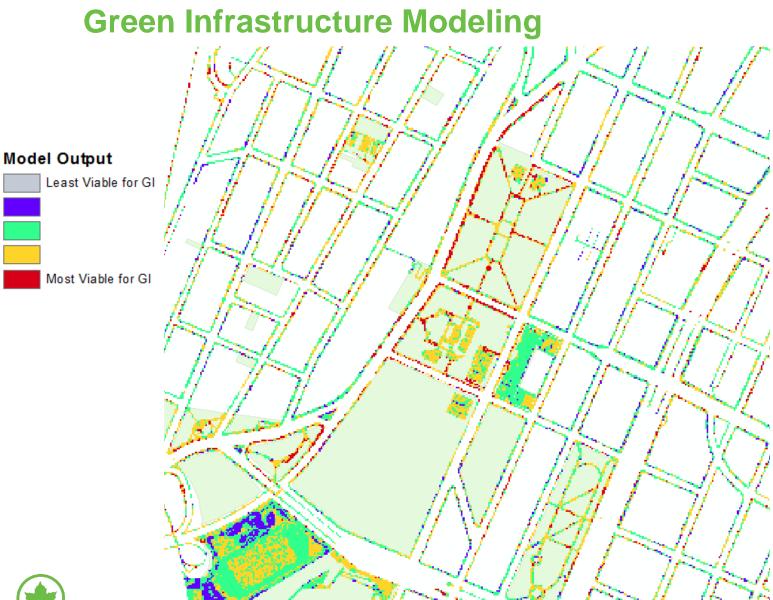


Green Infrastructure Opportunities



Green Infrastructure Opportunities Mahoney Playground Levy Playground Grandview Playground -The Big Park De Matti Playground 0 Rain Gardens Permeable Pavement Subsurface Detention Playgrounds







Harlem River Watershed Plan, Bronx, 2017

Street Trees

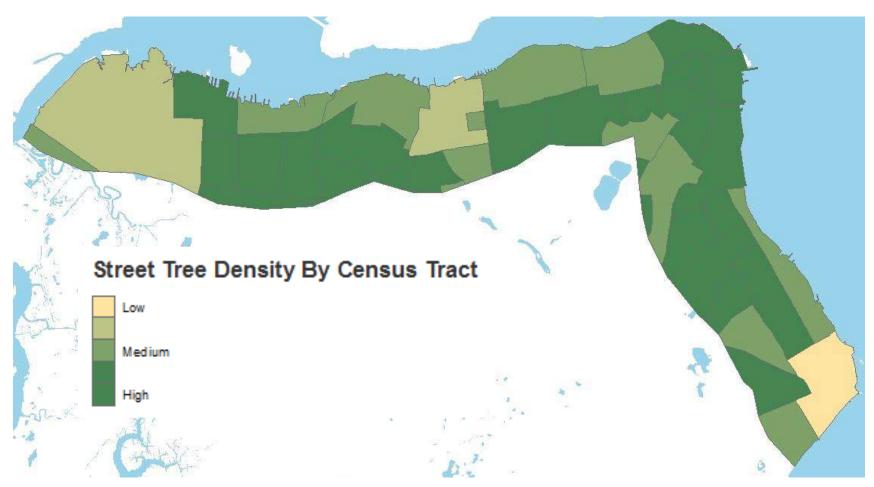
- Street Trees
 - Provides shade and cooling via evapotranspiration
 - Air pollution mitigation
 - Connectivity to larger natural areas
- Stormwater
 - Tree guards
- Maintenance and Stewardship
 - Excellent educational resource
 - Green Neighborhoods Program

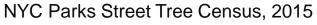






Street Trees Opportunities







Breakout Session Visions and Goals

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Next Steps

- Continue coordinating with project partners (Ongoing)
- Get Webpage Live (Ongoing)
- Incorporate feedback (January 2018)
- Complete Green Infrastructure Modeling (Feb 2018)
- Advance Snug Harbor Conceptual Design (May 2018)
- Second community meeting (Target: June 2018)



Thank You!



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